



Innovations in Micro-Analytical Systems for Oil and Gas Applications

Wayne Einfeld

Environmental Characterization and Monitoring Dept.

Sandia National Laboratories

Albuquerque, New Mexico

ASME-Petroleum

Emerging Technologies Forum

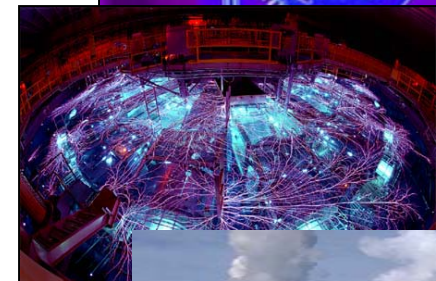
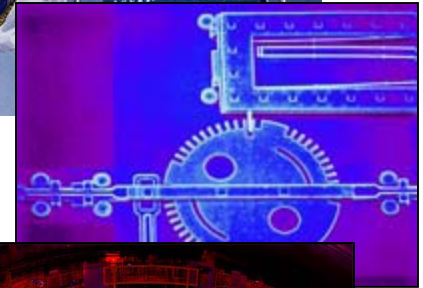
Houston, Texas

September 12, 2002



Presentation Overview

- Overview of Sandia National Laboratories
- The MEMS Revolution
- Some Example micro-Analytical Technologies
- Potential Oil and Gas Applications
- Summary



Sandia's missions are grouped into four Strategic Business Units

Nuclear Weapons

Sustain Nuclear Weapons Stockpile

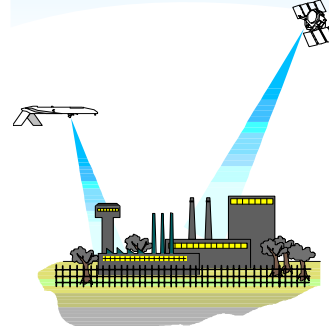


*Safe, Secure,
Reliable Weapons*

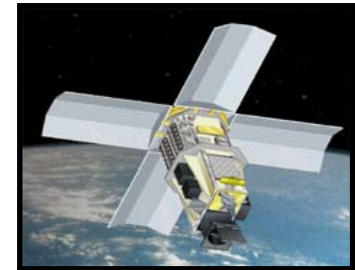


Nuclear Non-Proliferation

Reduce Vulnerability to Weapons of Mass Destruction



Detection



Surveillance

Advance Surety of Global Infrastructures

Energy



Transportation



Environment



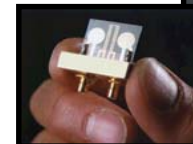
Information

Enhance National Security Measures



Architectural Surety

*Anti-crime
and anti-
terrorism
technology*

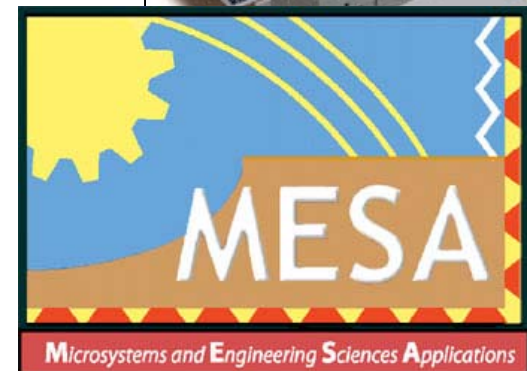
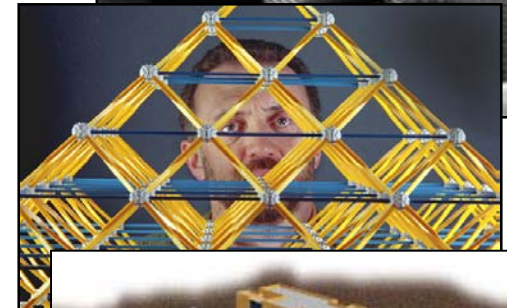
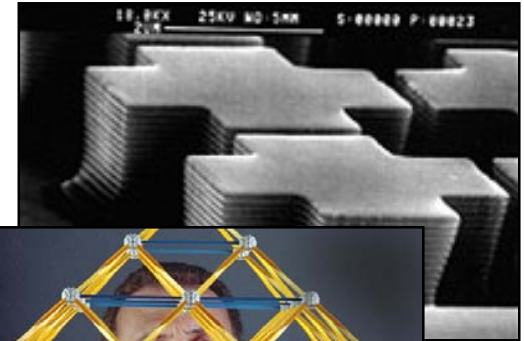


Energy and Critical Infrastructures

Emerging Threats

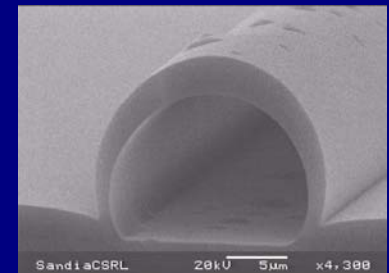
Micro- and Nano-technology for Sensor Development

- Micro-technology -- at the “chip” level
- Nano-technology -- at the “molecular” level
- Low-cost, large scale production
- Specifically tailored “disposable” sensors
- High-density, networked sensor systems
- Sandia MESA facility-- part of the DOE National Nanotechnology Initiative

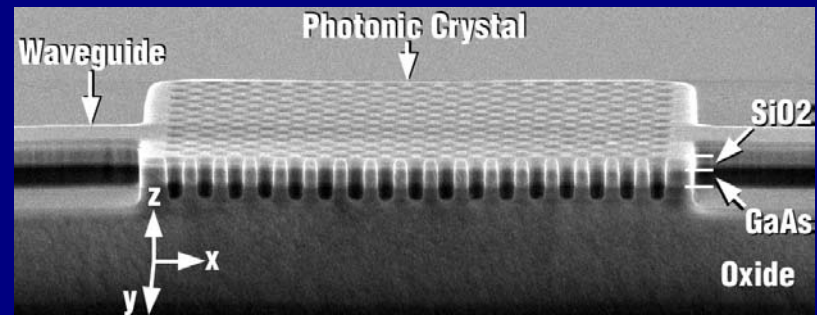
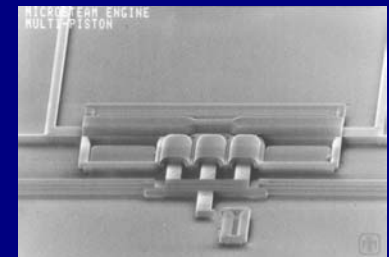


The Next-generation Microchip

- Electronic circuitry
- Mechanical work
- Gas/fluid handling
- On-chip lasers
- On-chip tunable diffraction gratings
- Optical/RF channeling

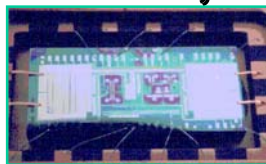


Radius of curvature: 8 μm

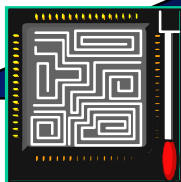


Sandia's Enabling Capabilities Produce Miniature Sensors, Processors, and Communication Systems

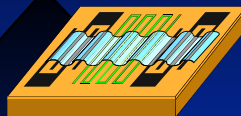
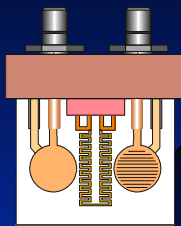
Sense, Process, Communicate



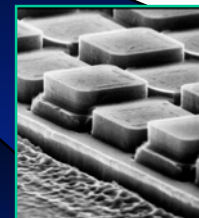
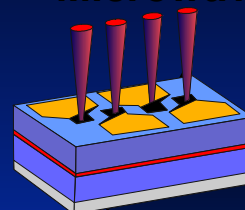
Micromachines, Microelectronics



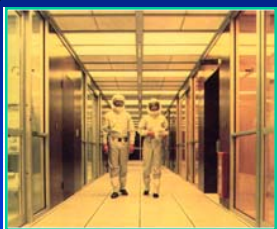
Microsensors



Photonics, Microwave Circuits

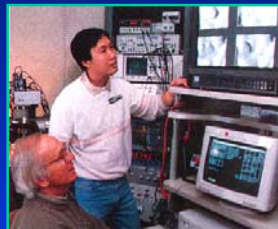


Microelectronics Development Laboratory MDL



Over 30,000 ft² of
clean room, 0.6 μ m CMOS
Fabrication Facility

Integrated Materials Research Laboratory IMRL



Materials Fabrication and
Characterization, including Plasma
Deposition and Surface and
Interface State Characterization

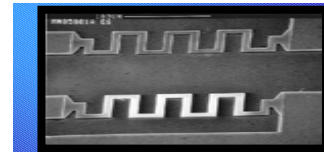
Compound Semiconductor Research Laboratory CSRL



MOCVD, MBE Deposition,
Electron Beam Lithography,
Reactive Ion Beam Etching

Microelectronics Based Sensor Research and Development

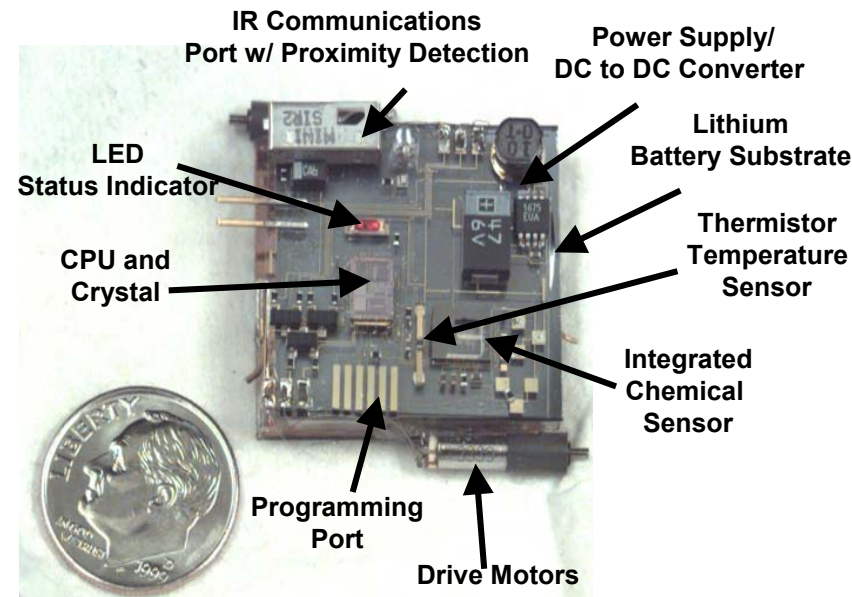
- **Developing a variety of micro-sensors to measure physical and chemical properties**
 - Surface acoustic wave sensors for organics
 - FET Hydrogen sensors
 - Fiber optic based sensors
- **Micro-sensors enable applications in harsh environments**
- **Advanced, low-cost sensors coupled with innovative monitoring concepts can enable active control of systems**



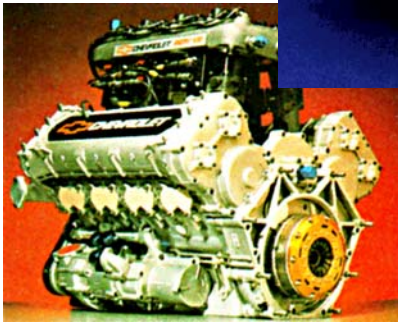
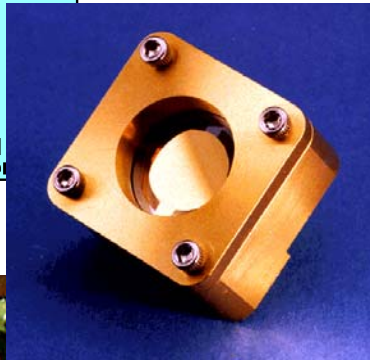
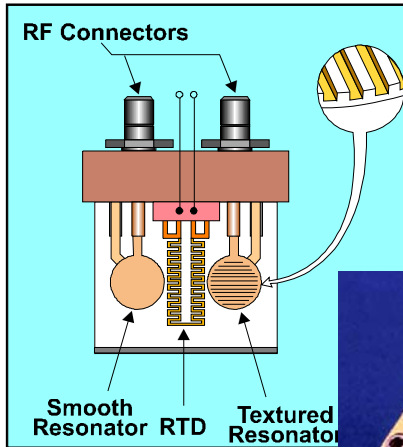
Catalytic Gas Sensor



Micro-Machined Pressure Sensor Array



Bulk Resonator Fluid Monitor



Features:

- Piezoelectric quartz electrically excited into shear-mode resonance
- Fluid contacting resonator changes resonant frequency and damping
- Immersible sensor provides real-time, *in situ* measurement of density and viscosity

Applications:

- Engine oil monitoring (USCAR)
- Mixed-waste fluid monitoring (DOE/EM-50)
- Hand-held viscometer (DJ Scientific)

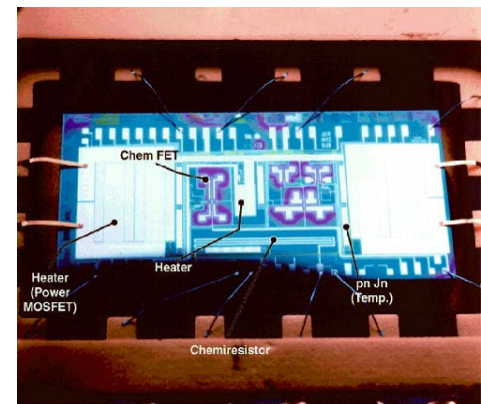
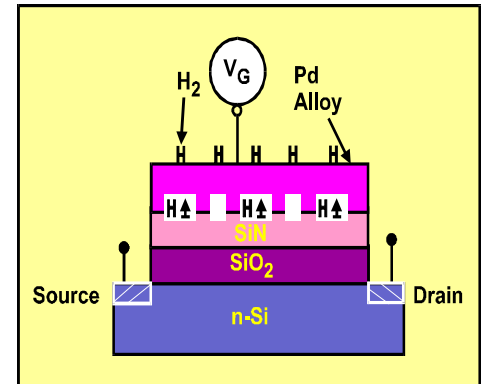
Integrated Hydrogen Sensor

Features:

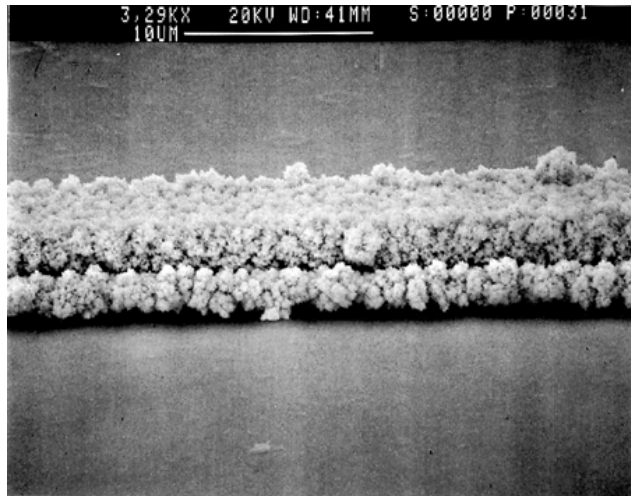
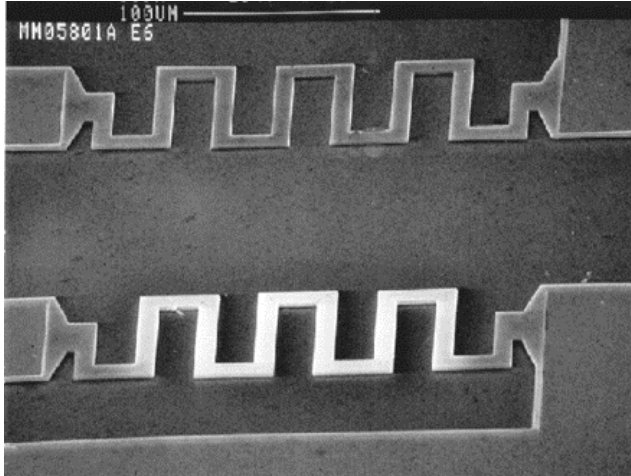
- FET formed on Si with Pd/Ni gate
- Threshold voltage changes when H_2 absorbed by gate
- Integrated sensor combines FET, chemiresistor, heaters, and control electronics

Applications:

- Hydrogen fuel leaks (NASA)
- Corrosion monitoring (DP)
- Monitoring nuclear material in storage (Los Alamos)



Micro-machined Catalytic Gas Sensor



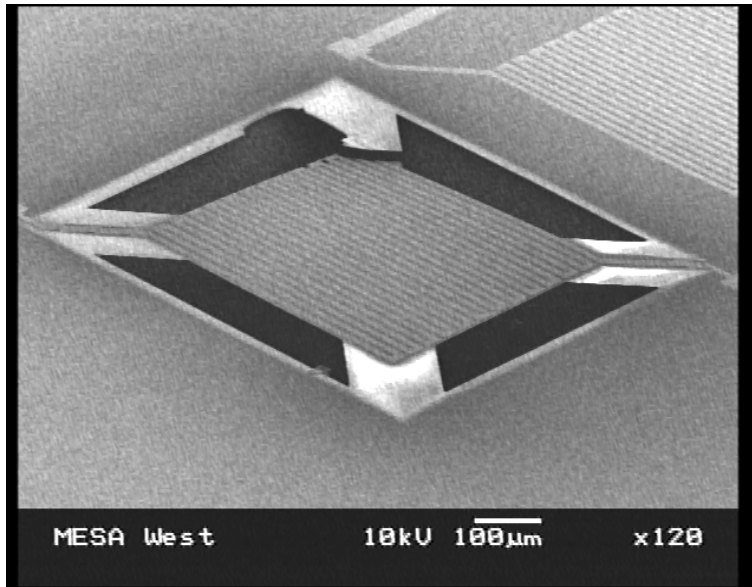
Features:

- Suspended poly-Si filament with catalytic Pt coating is heated by current flow
- Combustible gases react with O_2 on filament, releasing heat
- Gas concentration determined from power required to maintain temperature

Applications:

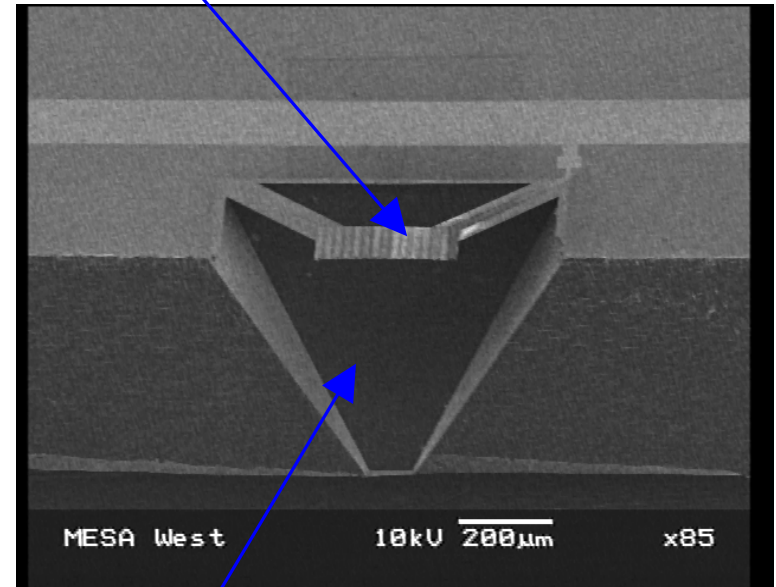
- Natural gas BTU monitor
- Catalytic converter monitor

Micro Thermal Conductivity Detector



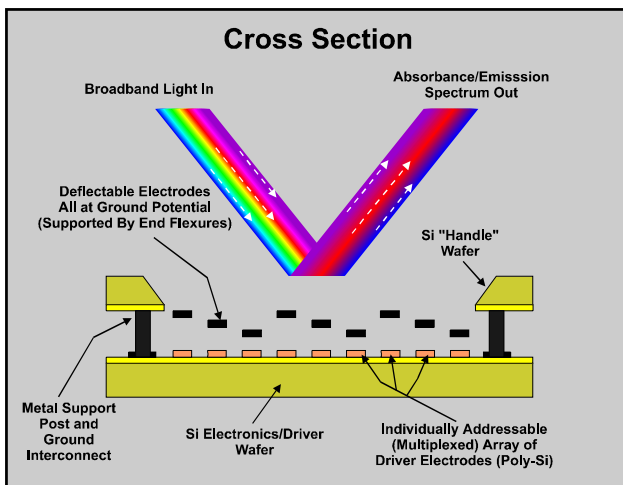
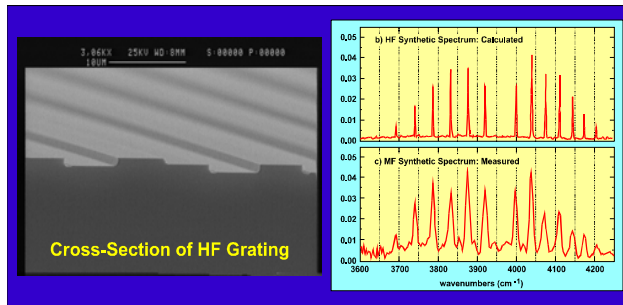
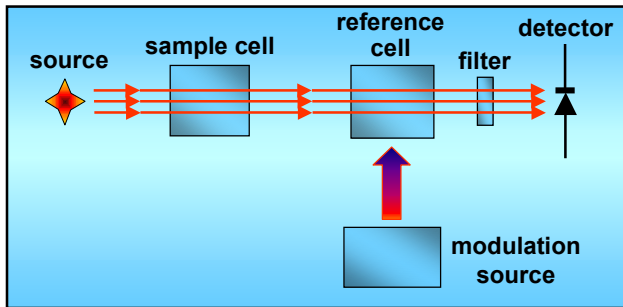
$L = 500 \mu\text{m}$ $C = 100 \mu\text{m}$

*Suspended
membrane*



Gas channel

Micromachined Diffraction Grating



Features:

- Optical correlation spectrometer identifies spectral components
- Reference spectrum generated by an aperiodic diffraction grating
- Generate arbitrary reference spectra using electrically adjustable diffractors

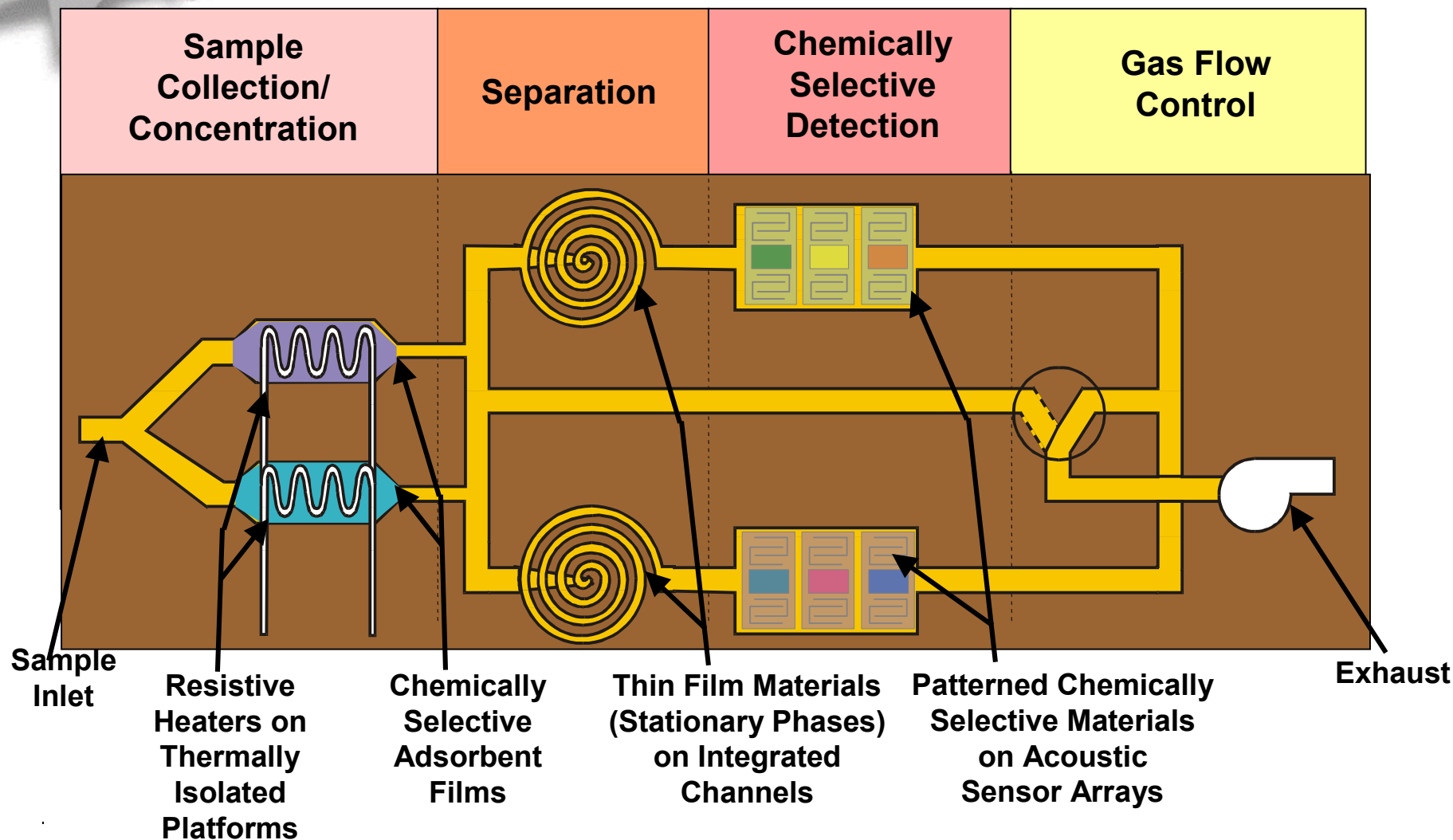
Applications:

Chemical agent plume analysis

Refinery fugitive monitoring

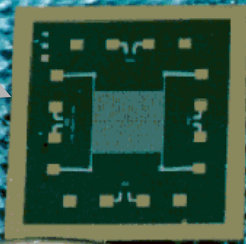
Stack monitoring, plant effluent monitoring

microChemLab Gas Phase Analysis System

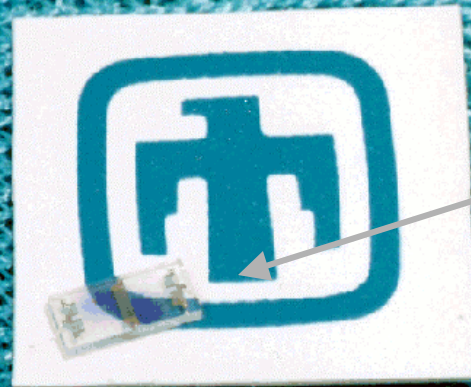


GC Micro-components

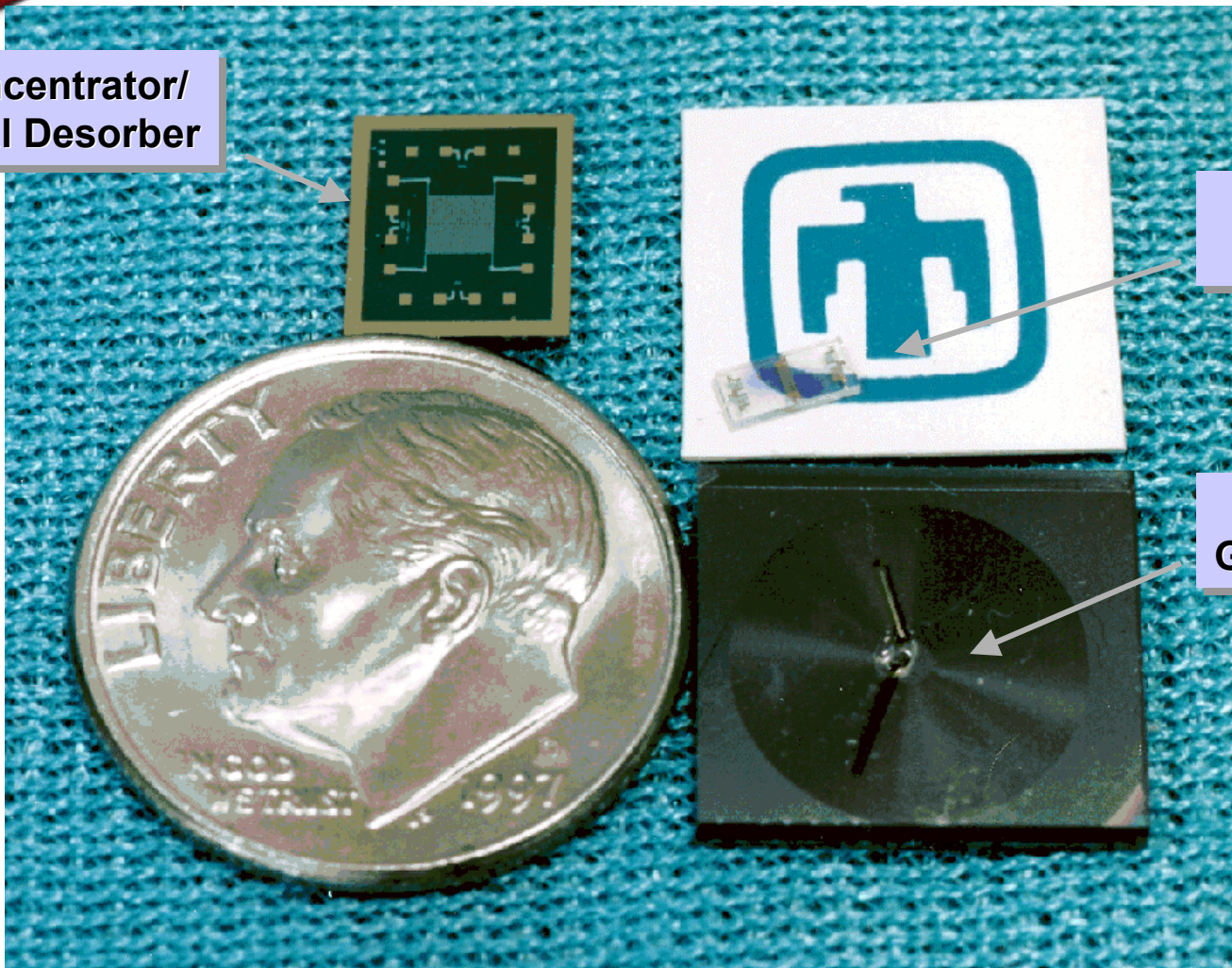
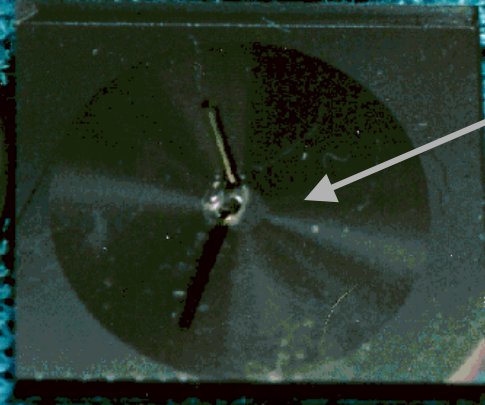
**Preconcentrator/
Thermal Desorber**



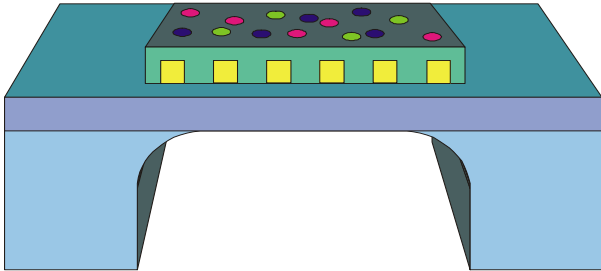
**4-Channel
SAW Array**



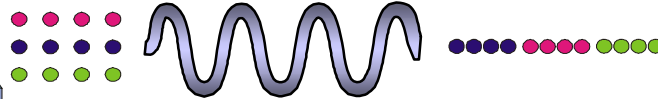
**1-Meter
GC Column**



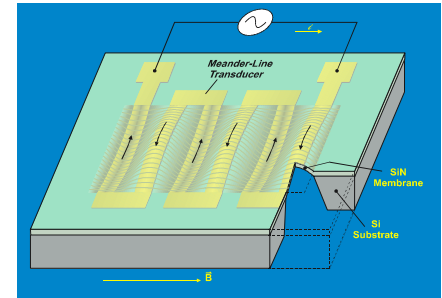
MicroChemLab - Chemical Analysis on a Chip



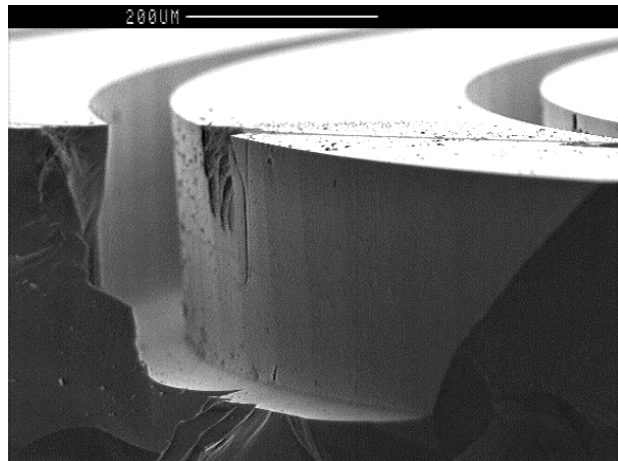
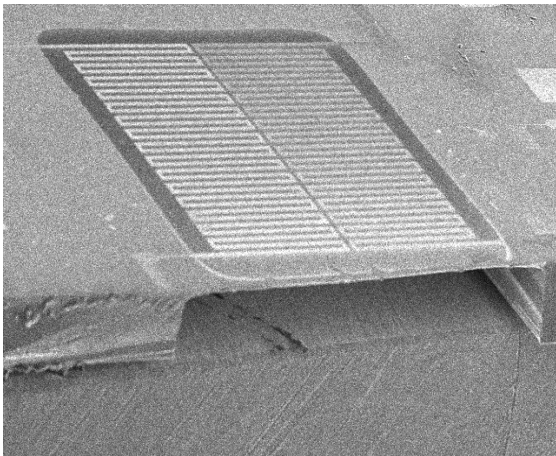
**Preconcentrator
accumulates species
of interest**



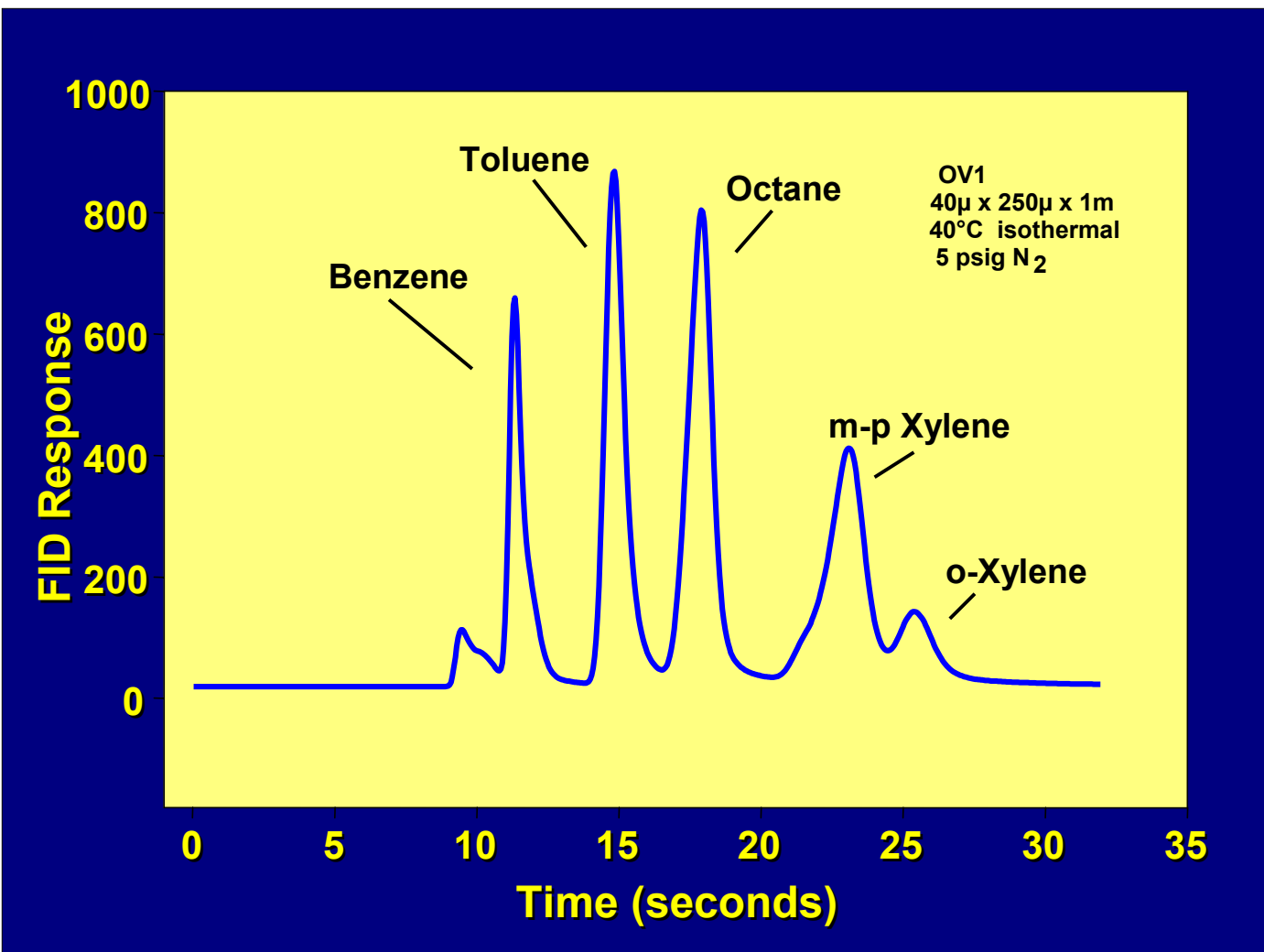
**Gas Chromatograph
separates species in
time**



**Acoustic Sensors
provide sensitive
detection**



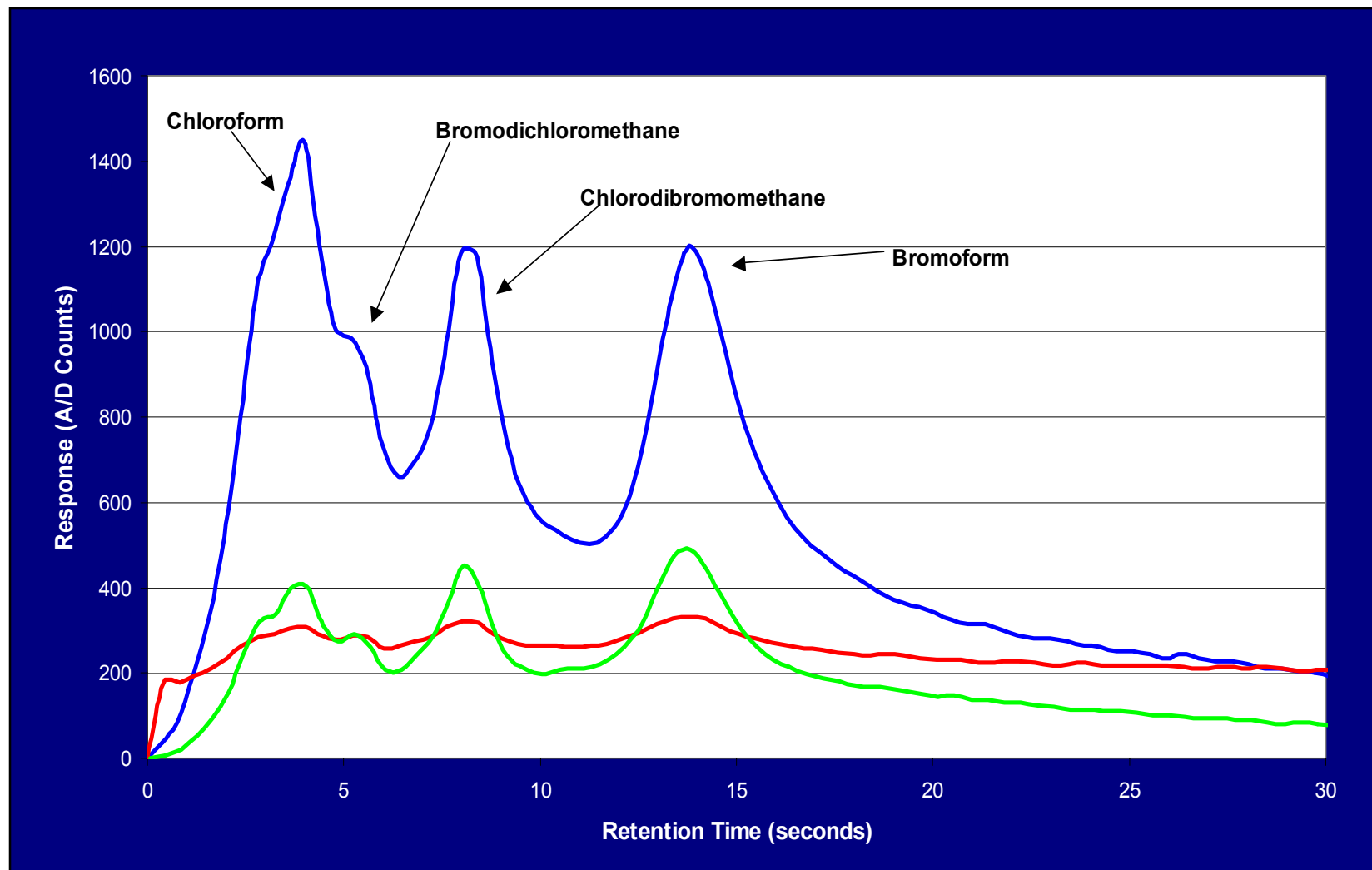
High Speed Separation of Common Hydrocarbons Using μ Chem Lab GC Column



microChemLab Gas Analysis

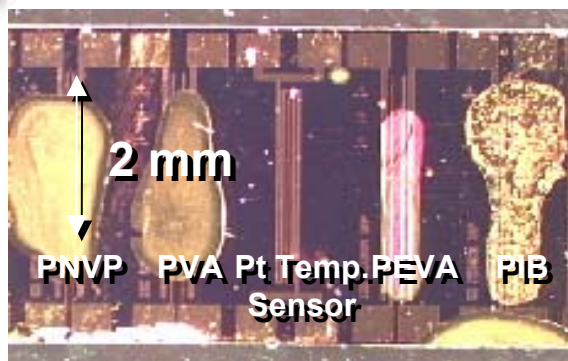
Trihalomethane-in-water Mixture, 150 ppb

60 sec Collection, 30 sec Analysis



Chemiresistor Sensors

in situ Monitoring of Volatile Organic Compounds



Chemiresistor Array
(4 Different Polymer Films)



Waterproof sensor package for
monitoring well or cone penetrometer

Continuous *in situ* monitoring of volatile organic compounds (toxic chemicals, explosives, etc.)

- Polymer film with conductive particles forms chemically sensitive resistor
- Small, low-power system with no pumps or valves
- Sensor array can provide analytic discrimination



Field testing for vadose zone
application is presently underway

Smart Fish

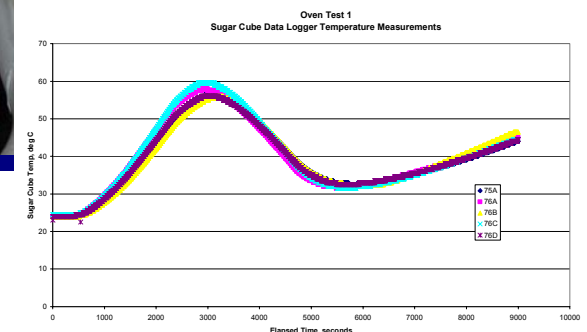
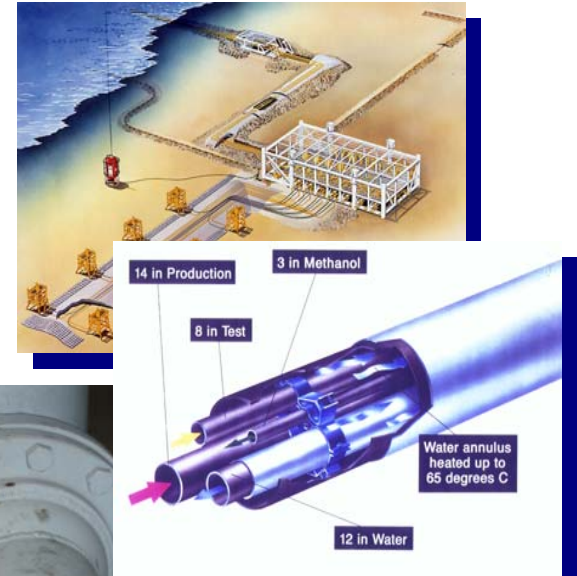
Micro-Sensors Systems for *in-situ* Pipeline Measurements

Problem:

- What is the temperature profile and corrosion potential in sub-sea pipeline oil? (e.g. North Sea Field)

Conceptual Solution:

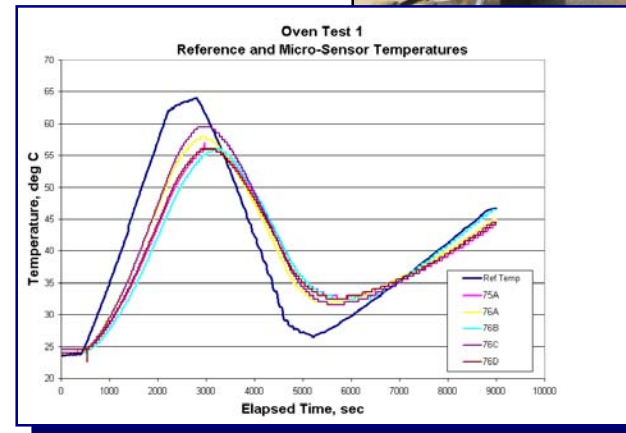
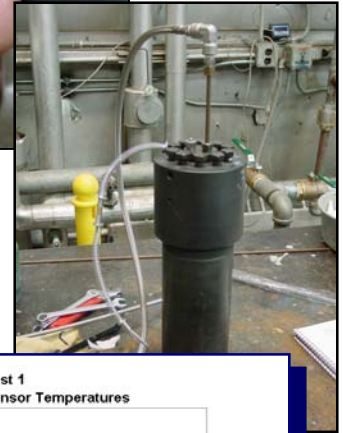
- Use low-cost *in-situ* sensors to measure bulk oil properties during pipeline startup
- Design or optimize sensors to measure key parameters in gas, water and oil phases
- Use the data to characterize oil, optimize heat inputs, flow additives



In-situ Temperature Sensor

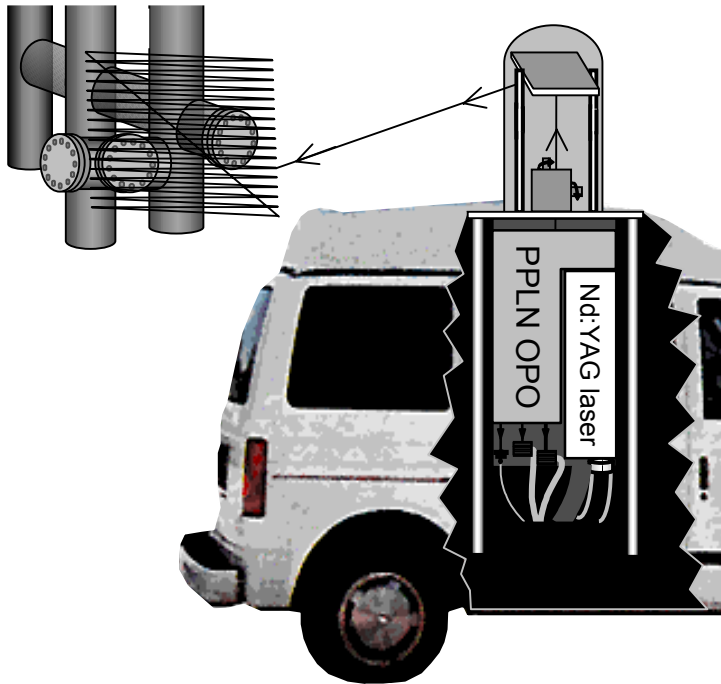
Early Results Look Promising

- Preliminary testing of low-cost commercial product underway
- ~20-mm cube with battery, thermocouple, 2000+ data point storage and wireless interface for data download. Data rates up to 1/sec.
- Initial tests in air show functionality up to 115 deg C and pressures up to 2000 psi.
- Improved encapsulation, added gas sensors (e.g. hydrogen) could result in a low-cost useful sensor
- Design of sensor launch and retrieval system needs to be considered

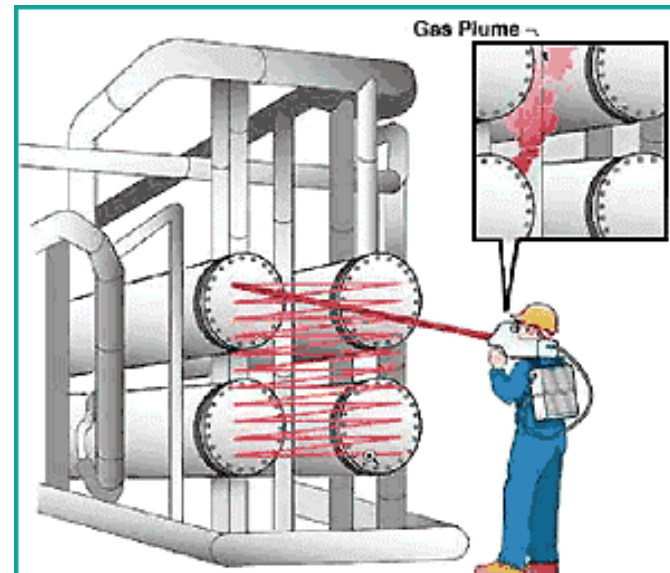
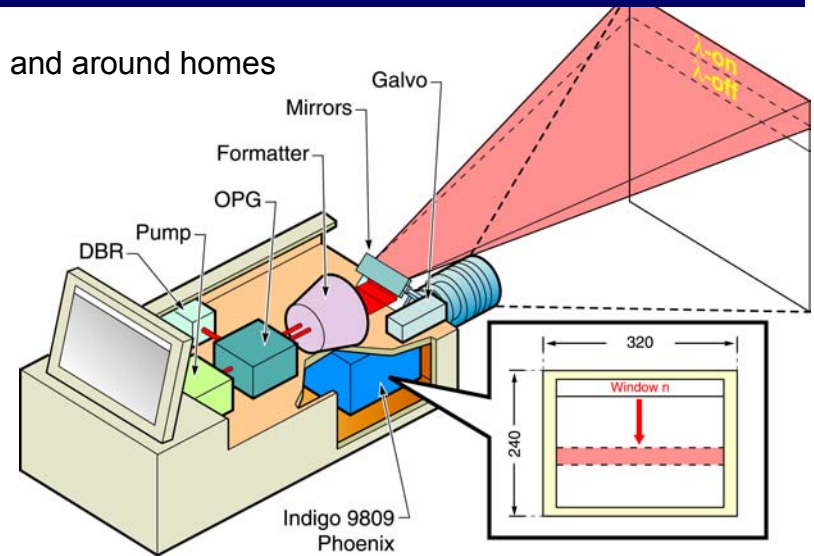


Remote Sensing Leak Detection Technology

Vehicle-mounted imager
(refineries, gas distribution)



In and around homes



Refineries,
compressor
stations

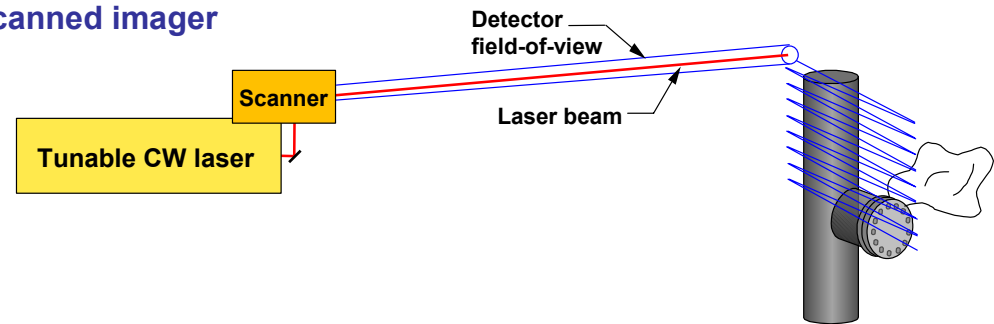
*Technology is adaptable to
other remote applications.*

Remote Imaging or Mapping Simplifies Plume Detection

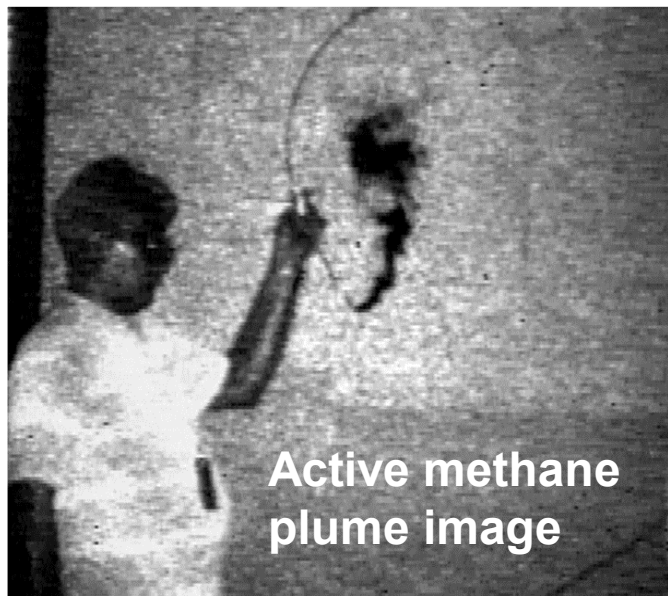
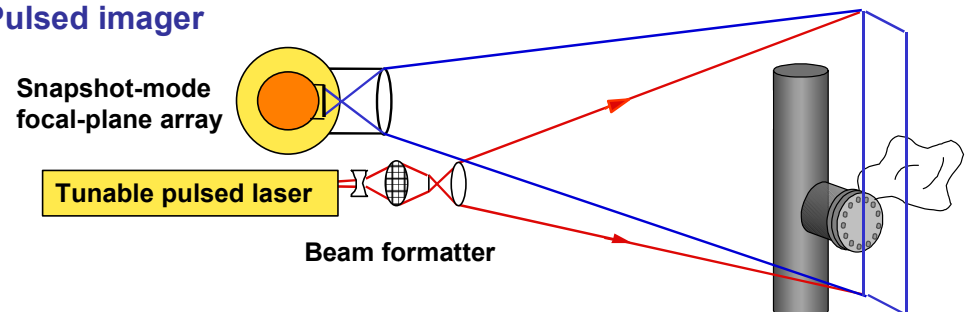
Laser radiation
tuned to gas
absorption

Solid surface

Scanned imager



Pulsed imager

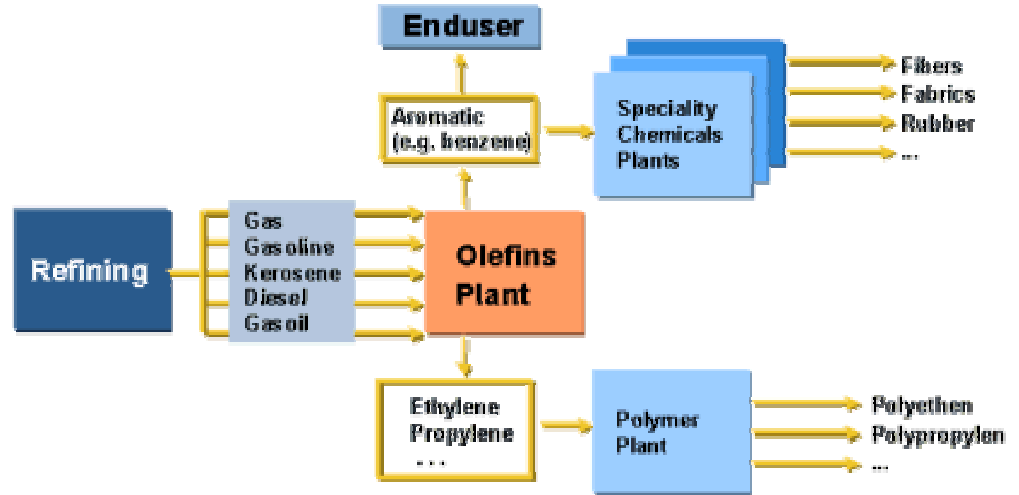


Active methane
plume image

GC micro Controller for Process Control

Problem Statement

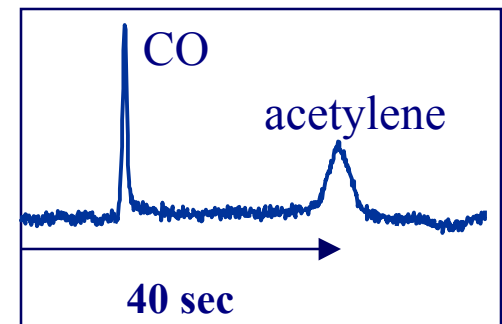
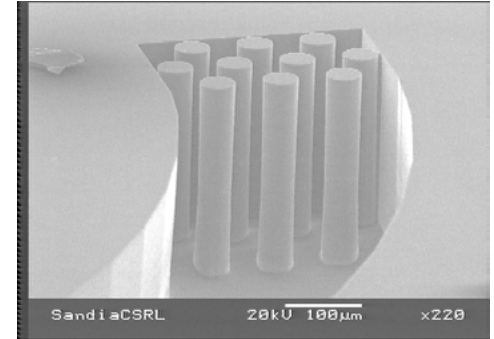
- Ethylene: high-volume domestic and worldwide production
- 1999 US production ~26 M ton
- Production via dehydrogenation of ethane feedstock
- Acetylene is produced by excess dehydrogenation
- Acetylene content controlled by catalyzed reaction in ARU requiring process feedback control
- Disrupt conditions in ARU occur on short (< 3min) time scales
- Avoid reactor runaway, flaring, out-of-spec. product
- Reduce overall energy consumption



A micro GC Controller Solution

System Features:

- Employ low-cost MEMS micro-GC technology
 - Packed micro-column
 - micro-fabricated sampling valve
 - Pulsed discharge ionization detector
- Fast, real-time process control for enhanced process energy efficiency
- Faster (<1 min cycle time) process monitoring
- Multiple-point process monitoring for ARU stages
- Small-footprint process monitoring



Potential Oil and Gas Applications for micro-Analytical Systems

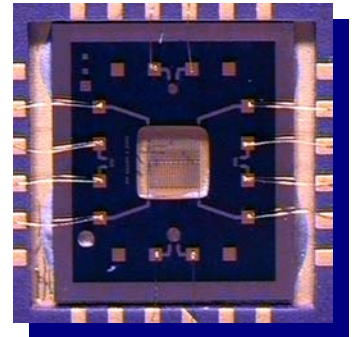
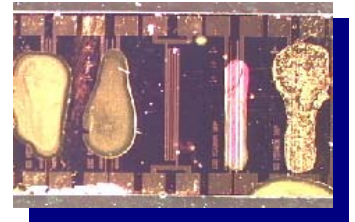
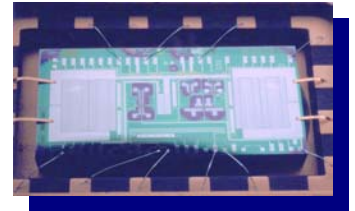
- Low-cost in-situ flow and product assurance
- Continuous in-pipe corrosion monitoring
- Low-cost, real-time, networked natural gas heating value sensor
- Down-hole drilling organic vapor sensor
- Low-cost, high-density, refinery process control
- Improved systems for refinery fugitive leak detection
- Networked sub-sea pipeline leak detection systems
- Sensors for live-in-the-pipe robotic surveillance systems
- Others....?





Summary

- Many nano- and micro-technology sensor applications await discovery
- *In-situ*, low-cost, expendable micro-sensors may offer attractive options for better flow assurance or process control in the oil and gas industries
- R&D leveraging opportunities exist with many DoD/military programs
- Continuing dialogue with the oil and gas industry is essential in order to steer development efforts toward this industry sector
- Product refinement and development requires strong partnerships with the commercial sector



For more information contact:
Wayne Einfeld 505/845-8314
weinfel@sandia.gov



Sandia
National
Laboratories